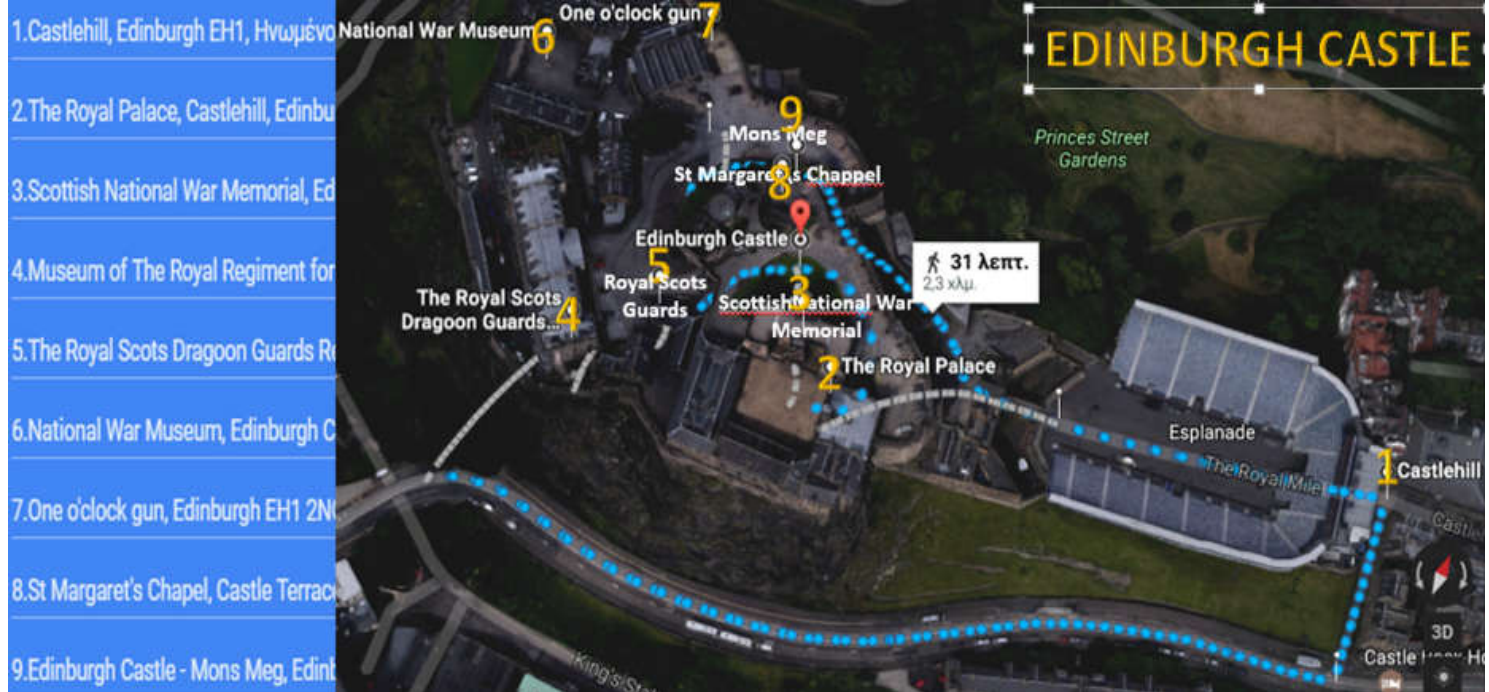


EDINBURGH sightseeing & survey at google map,as per s/n

Edinburgh Castle

is a historic fortress which dominates the skyline of the city, from its position on the Castle Rock. Archaeologists have established human occupation of the rock since at least the Iron Age.



Inside the Castle,there are



1. Castlehill

2. The Royal Palace

3. National War Memorial



4. Royal Regimental
Museum

5. The Royal Scots
Gragon Guards

6. The National War Museum

7. One O'Clock Gun



There are also



8. St Margaret's Chapel

9. Mons Meg

Sentries guarding the Gatehouse



Portcullis Gate & Argyle Tower

The Queen Anne

The New Barracks

Half Moon Battery

Building

and David's Tower

THE OLD TOWN



Royal Mile



Castlehill



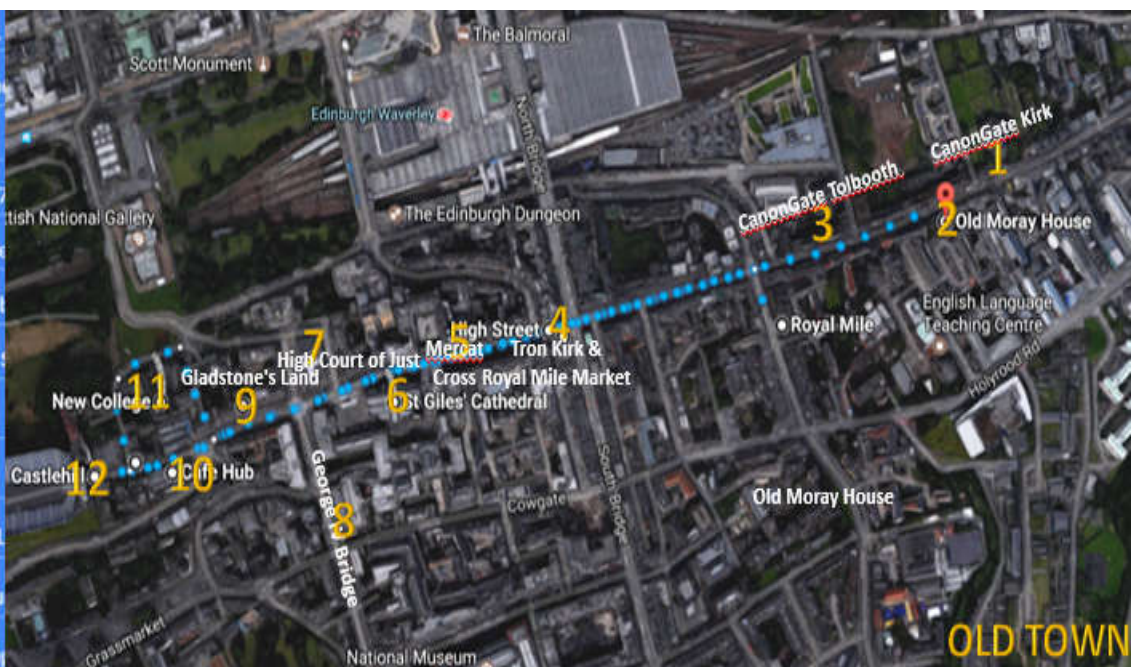
High Street

Royal Mile which is the name given to a succession of streets forming the main thoroughfare of the **Old Town** of the city. The streets which make up the Royal Mile (west to east) are Castlehill, the Lawnmarket, the High Street, the Canongate and Abbey Strand.

Castlehill forming part of the Royal Mile. The former Victorian church houses **The Hub**, an information service for the [Edinburgh International Festival](#). On the right is **The Scotch Whisky Experience** and on the left the **Camera Obscura** tower and shops.

High Street towards the [Tron Kirk](#), the section rebuilt in 1828 following the [Great Fire of Edinburgh](#)

1. Canongate Kirk, 153 Canongate,
2. The Moray House School of Education
3. CanonGate Tolbooth
4. Tron Kirk & Royal Mile Market, 17
5. Mercat Cross, Parliament Square
6. St Giles' Cathedral, High St, Edinb
7. High Court Of Justiciary, 1 Mart
8. George IV Bridge
9. Gladstone's Land
10. Hub 9, 980 NE Orenco Station L
11. New College, Mound Pl, Edinbu
12. Castlehill, Edinburgh EH1, Hvu





1. The Canongate **2. Old Moray House** **3. Canongate Kirk** **4. Tron Kirk** **5. The Mercat Cross**
Tolbooth in Parliament Square



6. Saint Giles' Cathedral **6. 1 Midlothian Heart** **7. The High Court of Justiciary.** **8. George IV Bridge** **9. Gladstone's Land**
in front of S.G.C.



10. The Hub, at the top of Edinburgh's Royal Mile, is the home and a central of information source for Edinburgh Festivals. Its gothic spire - the highest point in central Edinburgh - towers over the surrounding buildings. The building was constructed between 1842 and 1845. Just behind Hub, there are



& Scotch Whisky Experience



Camera Obscura or World of Illusions



11. New College opened in 1846 &



12. Castlehill

The Mound is an artificial hill, which connects Edinburgh's New Town and Old Town.



Gardens



Floral Clock



Gardener's Cottage



Castle & Ross Fountain



Allan Ramsay





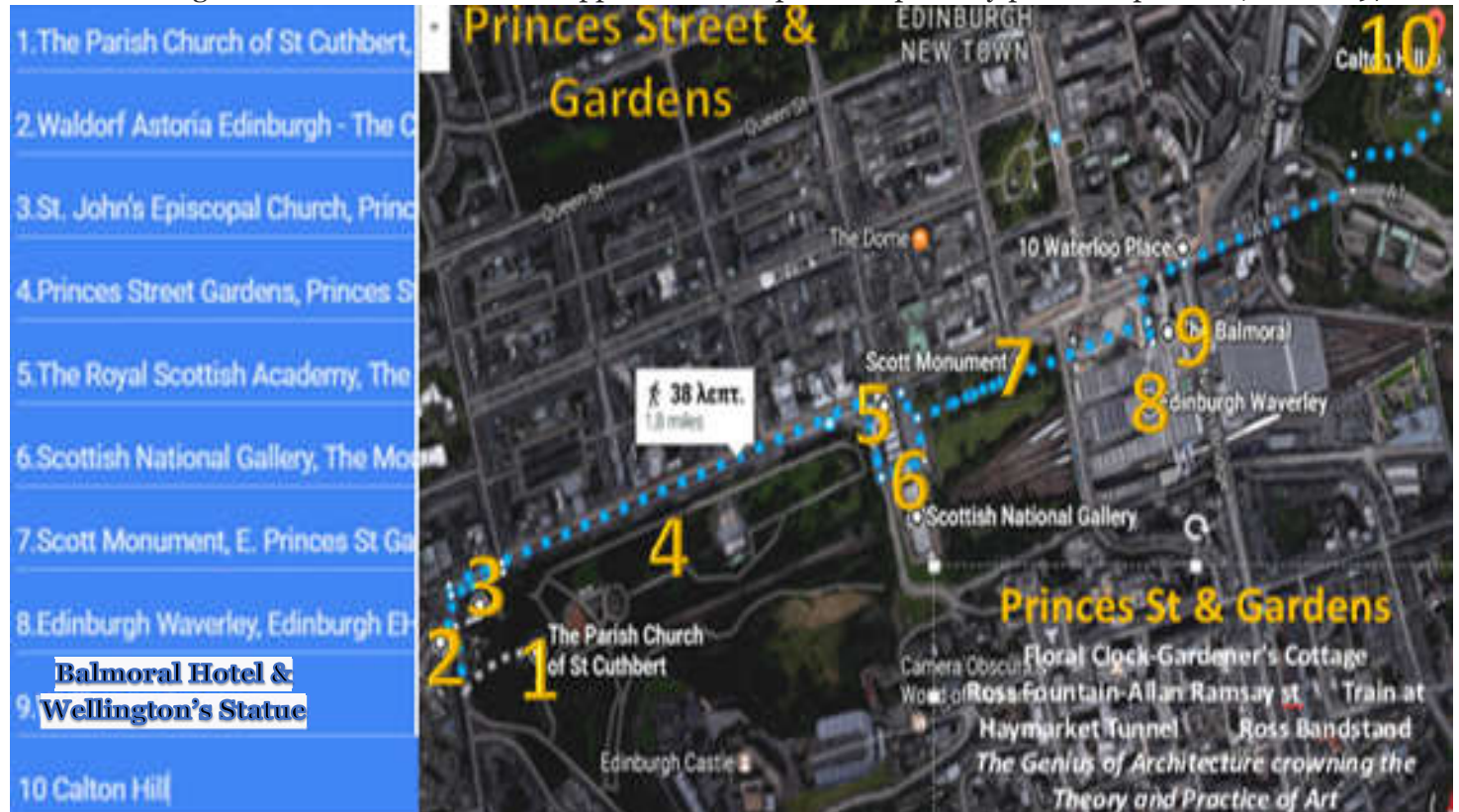
train at Haymarket Tunnel



Ross Bandstand

The Genius of Architecture crowning the Theory and Practice of Art

Princes Street is one of the major thoroughfares and its main shopping street. 1930 the architecture of Princes Street had a very mixed character. During the construction of the New Town, the **polluted waters of the Nor Loch were drained, and the area was converted into private gardens** called **Princes Street Gardens**. By the 1930s the architecture of Princes Street had a very mixed character. The Plan of 1949 proposed tighter control of design to create a more coherent appearance. The plan was partially put into operation, in the 1970s



At the west

1. The Parish Church of St Cuthbert

2. Waldorf Astoria &

3. The Church of St John



At the east

4. Princes Street 5. Royal Scot. Academy 6. Scottish National Gallery 7. Scott Monument & Gardens



7.1. Walter Scott inside the Monument

8. Waverley Station

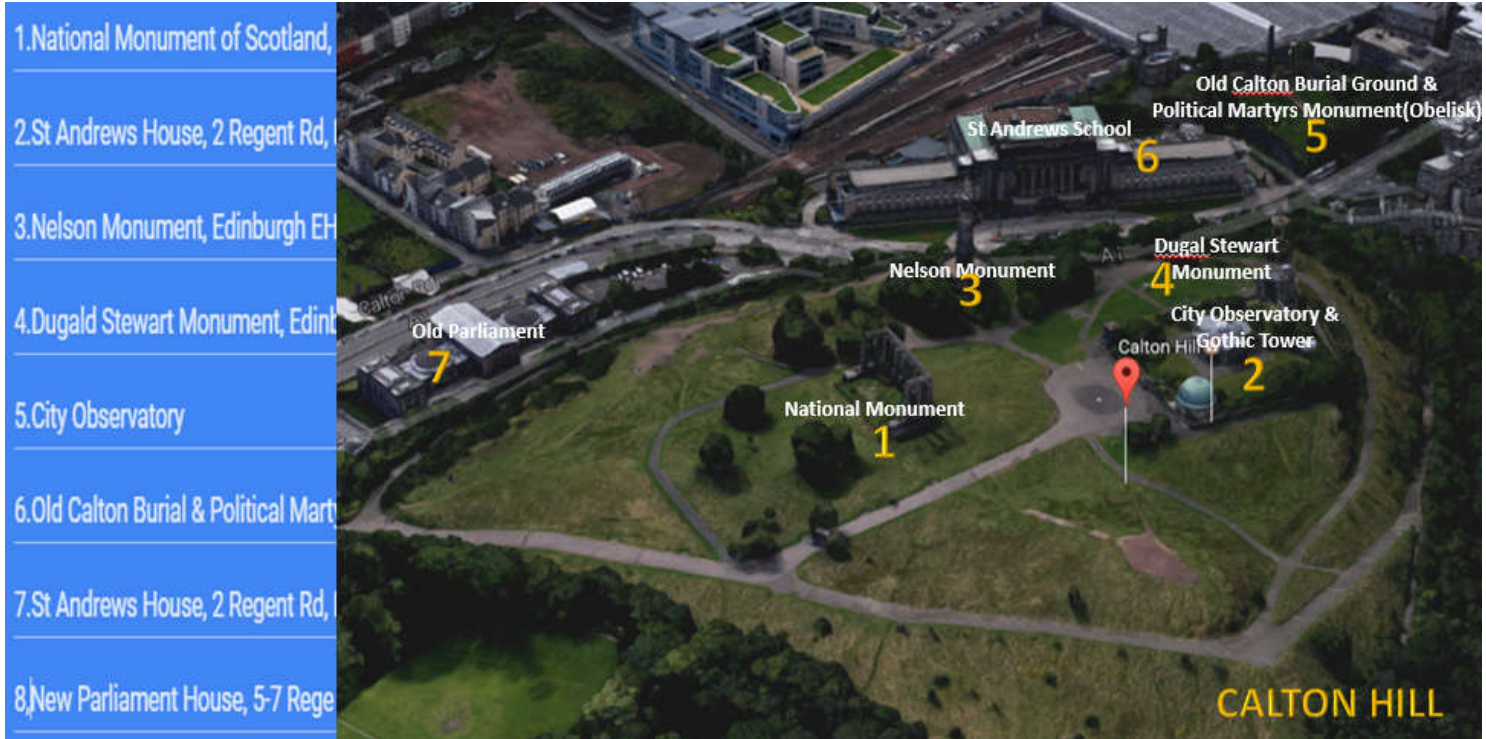
9. Balmoral Hotel) (ex North British Hotel)

& Wellington's statue

Calton Hill



is a hill in central [Edinburgh](#), situated beyond the east end of [Princes St](#) and included in the city's [UNESCO World Heritage Site](#).



At Calton Hill are



1. National Monument



2. Gothic Tower



3. Nelson Monument



4. Dugald Stewart Monument



5. City Observatory buildings



6. Political Martyrs' Monument



7. St Andrew's House

headquarters of the Scottish Government and



8. Old Royal High School is also known as **New Parliament House**, is a 19th century [neoclassical](#) building.

Holyrood Park is a royal park, about a mile to the east of [Edinburgh Castle](#). It has an array of hills, [lochs](#), [glens](#), [ridges](#), cliffs, and patches of [gorse](#), providing a remarkably wild piece of highland landscape within its 650-acre (260 ha) area.



1. [Holyroodhouse](#)



2. [St Margaret's Loch](#)



3. [St Anthony's Chapel](#)



4. [Dunsapie Loch](#)



5. [Arthur's Seat](#)



6. [Duddingston Loch](#)



7. [Scottish Parliament](#)

&



!! [cliffs of Salisbury Crag](#)

1. [Holyroodhouse](#) The park is associated with the royal palace of and was formerly a hunting estate (at 12th century). The park was **created in 1541**.

3. [St Anthony's Chapel](#) The ruins stand above St Margaret's Loch. St Margaret's Well and St Anthony's Well are both natural springs within the park.

5. [Arthur's Seat](#), the highest point in Edinburgh, is at the centre of the park

7. [Scottish Parliament Building](#) across the Palace of Holyroodhouse.



George Street



• View looking west from the statue of William Pitt.



[James Clerk Maxwell](#)



Towards St Andrew Square

George Street & Gardens



It was laid out in 1766 outside the overcrowded [Old Town](#), and was a popular residential area for Edinburgh's better-off citizens. In the 1960s much of the square was redeveloped by the [University of Edinburgh](#). Most but not all buildings on the square now belong to the university (among the exceptions being the Dominican priory of St Albert the Great). Principal buildings include



the [Main Library](#),

David Hume Tower and [Appleton Tower](#).



Other districts



. **Leith** and the Firth of Forth



The Shore, **Leith**



South **Leith** Parish Kirk



North Parish Kirk



S.I. Robertson Statue



Sandport Place Bridge, Leith



Porto Bello

